: A-1:

Hel(JB)-2013

- 1. As per section 2[12] of CPC, 'mesne profits' of property are profits received by a person in;
 - a. Unlawful possession of the property
 - b. Wrongful possession of the property
 - c. Lawful possession of the property
 - d. Effective possession of the property
- 2. A decree is preliminary;
 - a. When it is issued in the preliminary stages of the suit
 - b. When further proceedings have to be taken or the suit to be completely disposed of
 - c. When it deals with some preliminary issues
 - d. None of the above
- 3. That a petition dismissed under Article 226 would operate as res judicata so as to bar a similar petition in the Supreme Court under Article 32 of the Constitution was held in the case of;
 - a. Daryao v. State of U.P.
- b. Arjun Singh v. State of M.P.
- c. Sudhir Chandra v. State of W.B.
- d. None of the above
- 4. Which of the following is true;
 - a. The pendency of suit in a foreign court precludes the courts in India from a trying a similar suit
 - b. The pendency of a suit in a foreign court precludes the courts in India from trying a similar suit provided the suit is founded on the same cause of action
 - c. The pendency of a suit in a foreign court does not preclude the courts in India from trying similar suit even if it is founded on the same cause of action
 - d. None of the above
- 5. "Any relief claimed in the plaint, which is not expressly granted by the decree, shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to have been refused." This provision is incorporated in;
 - a. Section 11, Explanation II
- b. Section 11, Explanation III
- c. Section 11, Explanation IV
- d. Section 11, Explanation V
- 6. The general power to transfer suits under section 24 has been granted to:
 - a. High Court

- b. District Court
- c. Both [a] and [b]
- d. Supreme Court

7.	imposed by the court for o	the maximum fine which can be compelling the attendance of any persor been issued under section 30;
	a. Two thousand rupeesc. One thousand rupees	b. Three thousand rupeesd. Five thousand rupees
8.	Precepts are issued under	r section 46 of CPC for;
·	a. Serving summons on perb. Serving a warrant on thec. Attaching the property ofd. None of the above	
9.	Under section 58 of CPC, a person detained shall be released from the detention on the amount mentioned in the warrant of hiddetention being paid to;	
	a. The officer appointed by to c. The officer in charge of the control of th	
10.	Which of the following pr sold in the execution of a	operty is not liable to be attached and decree;
	a. Money b. Hundis c	. Electricity d. None of the above
11.	I. The stipulation that in a suit by the Central Government, the authority to be named as plaintiff shall be "the Union of India" been provided for in Section:	
	a. 78 b. 79 c	. 79A d.77
12.	Central Government c. Alien enemies residing in	Indian can never sue India may sue with the permission of the India may sue with the permission of the se jurisdiction they are residing
13.	Under section 89 of CPC,	the court cannot make a reference for;
14.	c. Negotiation d No second appeal shall lie	Conciliation Mediation from any decree when the subject is for recovery of money not exceeding;
	a. Fifteen thousand rupees c. Twenty-five thousand rup	b. Twenty thousand rupees ees d. Thirty thousand rupees

15 .	The authority to annul, alter or add to the rules in the First
•	Schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure rests with the;

- a. High Court
- b. State Government
- c. Supreme Court with the previous approval of rules by the Central Government
- d. High Court with the previous approval of rules by the State Government
- 16. Assault or use of criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation under Section 353 of the IPC is which kind of offence:
 - a. Bailable and Cognizable
- b. Bailable and Non-cognizable
- c. Non-bailable and Cognizable d. Non-bailable and Non-cognizable
- 17. Attempt to commit suicide is triable by;
 - a. Court of Session
- b. Magistrate of the first class
- c. Any Magistrate
- d. Executive Magistrate
- 18. The definition of the "victim" was incorporated in the Code of Criminal Procedure by the Amendment Act of;
 - a. 2009
- b. 2010
- c. 2011
- d. 2008
- 19. The stipulation that all offences under Indian Penal Code would be tried according to the provisions in Code of Criminal Procedure, is contained in which Section;
 - a. 5
- b. 4
- c. 3
- d. 6
- 20. In relation to the commission of which of the following offence, the general public does not have a duty under section 39 of Cr.PC to give information to the nearest Magistrate or police officer;
 - a. Criminal breach of trust by public servant
 - b. Kidnapping for ransom
 - c. Mischief by destroying a light-house
 - d. House-trespass in order to commit offence punishable with imprisonment.
- 21. Which one of the following is not a necessary requirement for a proper procedure of arrest under section 41B of Cr.PC;
 - a. The police officer shall bear an accurate identification of his name
 - b. The police officer shall bear a visible and clear identification of his name
 - c. The police officer shall prepare a memorandum of arrest to be countersigned by the person arrested
 - d. The police officer shall inform the person arrested that he has the right of legal counsel during interrogation

- 22. Under section 53A of Cr.PC, when a person is arrested on the charge of committing rape, the arrestee may be examined by a registered medical practitioner other than a registered medical practitioner employed in a hospital run by the Government or by a local authority when the later is not available within a radius of Sixteen kilometres from the place;
 - a. Where the offence has been committed
 - b. Where the arrest was made
 - c. Where the nearest police station is situated
 - d. where the nearest court is situated
- 23. Which one of the following Magistrate is authorised under section 110 Cr.P.C. to require security for good behaviour from habitual offenders within his local jurisdiction;
 - a. Judicial Magistrate First Class b. Chief Judicial Magistrate
 - c. District Magistrate
- d. Executive Magistrate
- 24. Which of the following person cannot claim maintenance under section 125 of Cr.PC;
 - a. A legitimate child who after attaining majority cannot maintain himself by reason of economic hardship
 - b. An illegitimate child who after attaining majority cannot maintain himself by reason of economic hardship
 - c. Both [a] and [b]
 - d. None of the above
- 25. Which one of the following is not an act for the prevention of which and order cannot be made under section 144 Cr.PC:
 - a. Disturbance of the Public Tranquillity
 - b. Annoyance to any person lawfully employed
 - c. Injury to any person lawfully employed
 - d. None of the above
- 26. Which of the following is a ground on which a witness under section 161[2] of Cr.PC may refuse to answer questions put by a police officer:
 - a. Answers would have a tendency to expose him to a criminal charge
 - b. Answers would have a tendency to expose him to a penalty
 - c. Answers would have a tendency to expose him to a forfeiture
 - d. All of the above

21.	- Any Court II	iay aiter or e	add to arry cr	ialye ally tille belore	,
	a. The closir c. The judgm			e judgement is written one of the above	·
28.	Chapter XXI	A of the Cr.	P.C. was inc	orporated in the year	;
	a. 2005	b. 2006	c. 2004	d. 2003	
29.	In case of p	lea Bargaini	ng by the pa	rties;	
	b. Judgemenc. Judgemen	it may be de it shall be de	livered in the	ate to the parties	jement
30.		e time of inte		s been held that pres annot be demanded a	
	a. Poolpandi b. Senior Inte c. Both [a] an d. None of the	elligence Offi id [b]	Superintende cer v Jugol K	ent, Central Excise ishore Samra	
31.	The Information	tion Techno	logy Amend	ment Act came into f	orce in;
	a. 2008	b. 2009	c. 2007	d. 2010	
32.	Which of the a. Mental conc. State of thi	idition	s not a `fact' b. Relation o d. None of t	of things	
33.		"Document	ts" as the r	peen mentioned in th neans by which any ubstance;	
	a. Letters	b. Figures	c. Symbols	d. Marks	
34.	'Res Gestae' a. Things don c. Same trans	e	b. Things sp		
35.		amages are		able the court to dete incorporated in ct;	ermine the
	a. 12	b. 10	c. 8	d. 11	

36.	Which of the following state of minds has not been expressly
	mentioned in section 14 of the Indian Evidence Act;

d.III-will a. Intention b. Rashness c. Motive

Oral admission as to contents of electronic records are relevant 37. when:

- a. The party proposing to prove them shows that he is entitled to give secondary evidence of the same
- b. The genuineness of the electronic record produced is in question
- c. Both [a] and [b]
- d. None of the above

Which one of the following has not been mentioned as a ground 38. under section 24 rendering a confession by an accused person irrelevant

- a. Inducèment
- b. Promise c. Deceit
- d. Threat

Section 32 of Evidence Act does not speak of which of the 39. following kind of persons:

- a. Person who is dead
- b. Person who cannot be found
- c. Person who is unwilling to give evidence
- d. Person who has become incapable of giving evidence

Under section 45 of Evidence Act, which of the following have not 40. been mentioned as points on which opinion of experts is relevant;

- a. Point of foreign law
- b. Point of art
- c. Point of domestic law
- d. Point of science

Under section 57 of the Evidence Act, the court is not bound to 41. take judicial notice of which of the following facts;

- a. The existence of every state recognised by the Government of India
- b. The title of every state recognised by the Government of India
- c. The national flag of every state recognised by the Government of
- d. The national emblem of every state recognised by the Government of India

The Best Evidence Rule in relation to documentary evidence is 42. incorporated in section;

a. 61

b. 64

c. 65

d. 66

43.	 Which one of the following is not a public document; a. Documents forming records of acts of tribunals b. Documents forming records of acts of public officers of India c. Documents forming records of acts of public officers of a foreign country d. Public records kept of private documents
44,	A person is presumed to be alive if it is shown that he was alive withinyears
,	a. Fourteen b. Twenty c. Seven d. Thirty
45.	The rule that once the terms of any contract have been proved by documentary evidence, no evidence of any oral statement shall be admitted for contradicting such terms has provisos establishing variations to the rule.
	a. 6 b. 4 c. 3 d. 7
46.	If a child is born withindays after the dissolution of a valid marriage, it is a conclusive proof of the legitimacy of the child.
	a. 270 b. 275 c. 280 d. 285
47.	Which of the following does not figure in section 115 while dealing with applying the principle of Estoppel;
	a. Conduct b. Act c. Omission d. Declaration
48.	The provisions of section 126 of the Evidence Act dealing with confidentiality of professional communication shall apply to;
	a. Clerks of barristers b. Servants of pleaders c. Interpreters of barristers d. All of the above
49.	Which of the following is true;
	 a. There cannot be further cross-examination after re-examination b. There can be further cross-examination after re-examination as per Section 137 c. There can be further cross-examination after re-examination as per Section 138 d. There can be further cross-examination after re-examination as per Section 139
50.	Indecent and scandalous questions may be forbidden by the court under;
	a Section 149 h Section 150 c Section 151 d Section 152

						•
51.	In relation to Indian Contr	devolution	on of joint li orporates th	abilities, as e principle (a general ru of;	le the
	a. Survivorsh c. Both a & b	р	b. Success d. None of			
52.	An agreement enforceable by law at the instance of one party not of other party under section 2(i) is called			arty &		
	a. A valid con c. A void cont		b. An illega d. A voidab		·	
53.	Competency	to contrac	t relates to			
	a. Age of the c. Both age &	oarties soundness	b. Soundr of mind d. I	ness of mind ntelligence o	of the parties f the parties	
54.	A general off	er open fo	r world at lai	ge can be a	ccepted	
	a. By sendingb. By complyingc. By tenderingd. None of the	ng with the g himself to	conditions of	offer	offer	
55.	A sub-agent i following gro	s respons unds	ible to the p	rincipal on v	vhich of the	
	a. Fraud or Ne c. Wilful wrong		~ ~	ce or Deceit ong or Neglig	gence	
5 6.	Which of the that the resp bailee;	following a onsibility	Section of the of finder of	ie Indian Co goods is s	ntract Act pro imilar to that	ovides t of a
	a. 69 b	. 70	c. 71	d. 72		
5 7.	under Sections sue for recover a. After six monormous b. After nine monormous c. After twelved. After twenty Which one of restrictions of the sum of the s	ering the partners from to the control of the control of the control of the control of the follow	he date of dis the date of dis the date of the date on the date d ving is not a	of immovable spossession dispossession f dispossess ate of dispos ground on	e property; n ion session which a rease	onable
	be imposed:				•	

b. Public Order d. Public Policy

a. Security of the State c. Morality

: A-9:

59.	Which of the following is included in the definition of 'law' as provided in Article 13;
	a. Bye-Law b. Custom having the force of law c. Usage having the force of law d. All of the above
60.	Which one of the following is a ground which is not mentioned in both Articles 15 and Article 16 on which the State cannot discriminate;
	a. Race b. Caste c. Residence d. Place of Birth
61.	Practising untouchability is;
	a. Violation of a constitutional right b. A criminal offence c. Both [a] and [b] d. Violation of a legal right only
62 .	Petitions to the Supreme Court under Article 32 are subject to the rule of <i>Res judicata</i> except
	a. Quo Warranto b. Habeas Corpus c. Certiorari d. Prohibition
63.	Which one of the following is a ground on which the state can impose reasonable restrictions on the right to move freely throughout the territory of India;
	a. Security of the State
64.	As per Article 21A, the state shall provide free and compulsory education to all children of the age of;
	a. Six to fourteen years b. Six to twelve years c. Six to ten years d. Six to eighteen years
65.	According to Article 50, the state shall take steps to;
	a. Separate the judiciary from the executive in the public services of

the state

President of India;

b. 45

a. 35

66.

b. Separate functioning of judiciary from executivec. Separate the powers of judiciary from the executived. Separate the powers of judiciary from the legislature

What is the minimum age to be eligible for becoming the

d. 25

c. 55

	: A-10 :		
67.	When the President is to be impeached, the charge shall be preferred by;		
	 a. Either House of the Parliament b. The Upper House of the Parliament c. The Lower House of the Parliament d. Both the Houses of the Parliament simultaneously 		
68.	What is the meaning of `lex loci'		
	 a. Law of land b. Sovereignty is essential for enacting laws c. Law of the land is supreme d. Crown has supreme authority 		
69.	The words `Socialist' and `Secular' were inserted in the Preamb by amendment of the Constitution.		
	a. 15 th b. 39 th c. 42 nd d. 44 th		
70.	As far as Armed Forces are concerned the fundamental rights granted under Articles 14 and 19 of the Constitution are a. Not available at all b. Available to armed forces but not to other forces c. Available only at the discretion of the Chief of Army staff d. Available only according to law made by Parliament		
71.	The following are not included in the right to personal liberty		
	 a. Right to go abroad b. Right to human dignity c. Right to undertrial prisoners not to be detained for unreasonably long period d. Right not to be detained beyond 24 hours in police custody 		
72.	During the Proclamation of Emergency, the duration of the House		

7 of People may be extended by the Parliament for a period not exceeding ____at a time

a. One year

b. Six months

c. Nine months

d. Eighteen months

When the President refers a matter to the Supreme Court; **73**.

- a. The court is bound to render its opinion
- b. The court is bound to render its opinion when it is a dispute of the kind mentioned in the Proviso to Article 131
- c. The court is bound to render its opinion when it is a dispute of the kind mentioned in Article 71
- d. The court is bound to render its opinion when it is a dispute of the kind mentioned in Article 72

74.	Which of the following grounds is necessary to be proved in order to remove a speaker of any Legislative Assembly;				
	a. Misbeha c. Conduc		oral turpitude	b. Incapacity d. None of the a	above
75.	Questions decided b		ge of a judge	of a High Court a	re to be
	a. Presiden c. Governor		hief Justice of hief Justice of	the concerned High India	Court .
76.		the followin tract of sale;		eal with an implie	d warranty in
	a. 14[a]	b. 14[b]	c. 15	d.16[2]	
77.	Which of to	he following the buyer h	្ស rights of ar as become i	unpaid-seller car nsolvent and not	n be exercised otherwise;
	a. Right of c. Right of	lien Stoppage in		Right of Re-sale Right to Sue	·
78.	As per section 41, the buyer must have the reasonable opportunity to examine the goods for the purpose of ascertaining				
	b. The goo	ds are of mei ds are in con	eliverable sta rchantable q formity with th	uality	
79.	into the be	enefits of a		ning majority, a m firm must decid irm?	
	a. Two	b. Three	c. Six	d. Twelve	
80.		an introduc		w partner in a pa	rtnership firm
	c. The majo	ority of partne		all the partners e dormant partners e in the firm	
81.		he following specific reli		leals with Person	al bars to the
	a. 14	b. 15	c. 16	d. 17	

82.	The period of limitation for a suit to claim	compensation for false
	imprisonment is;	

a. One year b. Two years c. Three years d. Twelve years

Which section of the Haryana Urban (Control of Rent and Eviction) 83. Act, 1973 deals with eviction of tenants:

a. 10

b. 11

c. 12

d. 13

A petition for divorce may be presented under section 13(1) A if 84. even after the passing of a decree for restitution of conjugal rights, which have not been restored for a period of at least

a. 2 years b. 6 months c. 1 years

d. 18 months

85. Naveen Kohli v. Neelu Kohli's case dealt with

a. Irretrievable breakdown of marriage b. Adultery

c. Divorce by mutual consent

d. Conversion

The decree of Restitution of Conjugal Rights can be enforced 86. under the following provision of CPC;

a. Order 21 Rule 32

b. Order 22 Rule 31

c. Order 21 Rule 25

d. None of the above

The period of limitation for seeking an annulment of marriage on 87. the ground of Fraud is

- a. One year from the date of knowing the fact of Fraud
- b. Six months from the date of knowledge of Fraud

c. Within two years from the incident of Fraud

d. Within fourteen months from the date of knowledge of fraud

88. Forced intercourse by a man with his wife while a decree of judicial separation is in effect

a. is punishable under the Hindu Marriage Act

b. is punishable under the Indian Penal Code

c. is not an offence in India

d. None of the above

89. One of the following is not a condition for determining the capacity of a male Hindu to adopt;

a. Consent of wife under certain circumstances b. Majority

c. Soundness of mind

d. Must be necessarily married

90.	A Hindu man wants to adopt a girl-child. The difference in age between the two should be:		
	a. at least 21 years c. at least 24 years	b. at least 15 years d. none of the above	
91.	Under the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, a wife will not be entitled to maintenance if		
	a.she is unchaste b. her husband has ceased to be a Hindu c.she is suffering from a venereal disease in communicable form d. All of the above		
92.	A Nikah solemnised in t	he absence of Qazi is	
	a. Valid c. Irregular	b. Void d. None of the above	
93.	As a general rule, intere	st in the coparcenary property is acquired	
	a. birth c. marriage	b. inheritance d. none of the above	
94. Customs are an important source of Hindu Law. One of the following is not a necessary feature of Customs:			
	a. Uniformity c. Conformity with public p	b. Certainty policy d. None of the above	
95.	The term "offence" is de	efined under Sectionof IPC	
	a. 41 b. 42	c. 40 d. 43	
96.	In the IPC, nothing is an	offence when it is done by a child below:	
	a. 12 years of agec. Below 14 years of aged. None of the above	b. Above seven but below 12 years of age	
97.	A, under the influence o A is guilty of	f grave provocation by Z, kills Y, Z's child.	
	a. Culpable homicide c. Grievous hurt	b. murder d. No offence as he was under provocation	

98.	Under section 376 of the IPC A public servant committing rape on a woman in his custody shall be punishable with	
	a. Rigorous imprisonment b. Rigorous imprisonment c. Rigorous imprisonment d. None of the above	t of at least 8 years
99.	A crime under section under the IPC at the sta	399 can sufficiently attract punishment ge of:
	a. Intention c. Attempt	b. Preparation d. Commission
100.	S.511 of the Indian Perunder the	nal Code applies to offences punishable
	a. Indian Penal Code c. Any Local Law	b. Any special Law d. All of the above
101.	Under section 103 of IPC, the right to Private defence of property extends to causing death if the offence is:	
	a. Mischief per se c. Theft per se	b. Robbery per se d. All of the above
102.	Smith v. Desmond is a leading case on:	
	a. Rape c. Sedition	b. Extortion d. Criminal Conspiracy
103.	In the Indian Penal Code, the offence of Criminal Breach of Trust has been dealt with inSection:	
	a. 405 b. 402	c. 404 d. 401
104.	For which of the following	ng offences, mens rea is not a requisite?
	a. Kidnapping c. Trespass	b. Robbery d. None of the above
105.		with deadly weapons at the time of is liable to be punished with

a. Rigorous imprisonment of at least 7 yearsb. Rigorous imprisonment up to 7 yearsc. Rigorous imprisonment not exceeding 5 yearsd. None of the above

106.	A was attempting to kill a deer in a sanctuary. While doing so, the
	gunshot hit a man who died instantly. A is guilty of

- a. Culpable Homicide
- b. Murder

c. Grievous hurt

d. None of the above

The maxim 'ignorantia juris non excusat' means 107.

- a. Ignorance of law is no excuse
- b. Ignorance of fact is no excuse
- c. Ignorance of law is an excuse
- d. Ignorance of fact is an excuse

`Infancy' as an exception has been provided under Sec._ 108.

- a. 80
- b. 81
- c. 82
- d. 84

109. Irresistible impulse is a defence

a. in India

- b. in England
- c. in Indian and England both
- d. neither in India nor in England

110. Abettor is a person

- a, who commits the offence
- b. who instigates the commission of offence
- c. against whom the offence is committed d. who is innocent

10 persons were charged for offence under section 302/149 IPC. out of which six persons were acquitted, the remaining four

- a. cannot be convicted for offence under section 302/149 of IPC
- b. cannot be convicted for offence under section 302 of IPC
- c. cannot be convicted for offence under section 149 of IPC
- d. all the above

112. In the context of the exception of grave & sudden provocation, which of the following is correct

- a. provocation should not be voluntarily provoked by the offender
- b. lawful exercise of the right of private defence does not give provocation
- c. lawful exercise of powers by a public servant in obedience to the law does not amount to provocation
- d. all the above

113. Grave & sudden provocation is

- a. question of fact
- b. guestion of law
- c. mixed question of fact & law d. a presumption under the law

: A-16:

114. Which one of the following is not a "Public Servant"

a. liquidator

b. a Civil Judge

c. member of a panchayat assisting a Court of justice

d. secretary of a Co-operative Society

115. Navy Day is observed on

a. Dec.4

b. Dec.25

c. Dec.31

d. Jan.1

116. The shorter version of India's National Anthem has a playing time of

a. 12 seconds

b. 15 seconds

c. 20 seconds

d. 26 seconds

117. The highest airfield in India is

a. Bhuntar

b. Pantnagar

c. Chushul

d. Parapani

118. Who among the following had the longest tenure as the President of India?

a. Dr.Zakir Hussain

b. Dr.S.Radhakrishnan

c. Dr.Rajendra Prasad

d. V.V.Giri

119. Shaurya Chakra made up of bronze is awarded for:

a. gallantry otherwise than in the face of the enemy

b. most conspicuous bravery or some act of self sacrifice

c. gallantry in the presence of enemy

d. none of these

120. What is the effect of deficit financing on economy?

a. Inflation

b. Deflation

c. Depression

d. Recession

121. Mother Teresa was born in

a. Switzerland

b. India

c. Germany

d. Albania

` 122. Who is known as `Little Corporal'?

a. Adolf Hitler

b. Napolean Bonaparte

c. William E.Gladstone

d. None of these

: A-17:

123. Asian Games have been organised in India

a. Once

b. thrice

c. five times d. twice

Ranji Trophy and Aga Khan Cup are associated with

a. Cricket and Footbal

b. Cricket and Volleyball

c. Cricket and Hockey

d. Badminton and Hockey

125. The term 'deuce' is common in which of the following two games?

a. Basketball and Badminton

b. Badminton and Tennis

c. Volleyball and Tennis

d. None of these

HCS (vel. 2013 (original)

Q.No.	Answer	Q No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer
	a	er december of manager .	di er menemen omen er er e		
	b	43		85	а
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		45		87	
	i	46	4	88	l ######
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6		48		90	
. 7		49	С	91	a
8		50	С	92	8
9		51	b	93	<u>a</u>
10		52	d	94	d
11	b	53	С	95	C
12	b	54	L	. 96	d
13	C	55	-	97	b
14	C	56		98	C ·
15	đ	57	а	99	b
16	b	58	d	100	а
17		59	d	101	d
18	a -	60	C	102	d
19	b .	61	С	103	а
20	d ·	62	b	104	а
21	d	63	d	105	а
22	a	64	a	106	d
23	d	65	а	107	а
24	C	66	а	108	С
25	d	67	а	109	d
26	d	68	а	110	b
27	C	69	C		<u></u>
28	b	70	d	112	
29	C	71		113	
	C	72	$(A_{ij}, A_{ij}, A_{$	114	
	b	73		115	
·····	d	74		116	
	C	75		117	
	a	76		118	
	<u>-</u>	77		119	
	C	78		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	b	79	· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	120	
38 (80		121	<u>d</u>
		-		122	b
39		81	 -	123	····
40		82		124	
41	d b	83	d 	125	b

Meg ds